



**JBE-003-1161002** Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**M. Sc. (Sem. I) (CBCS) Examination**

**December – 2019**

**Mathematics : Paper - CMT-1002**

*(Real Analysis)*

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 1161002**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

**Instructions :** (1) All questions are compulsory.

(2) Each question carries 14 marks.

**1** Answer any seven questions : **7 × 2 = 14**

(i) Define Countable set and give an example of a countable set.

(ii) Define Boolean algebra on a non-empty set  $X$ .

(iii) Define Borel field and Borel Set.

(iv) Define Outer measure and give an example of an infinite subset of  $\mathbb{R}$  whose outer measure is zero.

(v) Give an example of a subset of nowhere dense set.

(vi) Prove or disprove,  $\mathbb{R}$  is a measurable set.

(vii) Write down outer measure of following.

sets:  $\mathbb{Q}$ ,  $[2,5]$  and  $(-3,5)$ .

(viii) Is Cantor set measurable? Justify.

(ix) Define almost everywhere property.

(x) Define convergence in sense of measure.

**2** Answer any two questions : **2 × 7 = 14**

- (a) Let  $X$  be a non-empty set and  $\alpha$  be a Boolean algebra on  $X$ . Let  $\langle A_i \rangle \subseteq \alpha$  be any sequence in  $\alpha$ . Prove that there is a sequence  $\langle B_i \rangle$  in  $\alpha$  such that each  $B_i$ 's are mutually disjoint,  $B_i \subseteq A_i, \forall i \in \mathbb{N}$  and

$$\bigcup_{i=1}^n B_i = \bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i, \text{ for each } n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

- (b) Give an example of a Boolean algebra on  $\mathbb{N}$ , which is not a  $\sigma$ -algebra on  $\mathbb{N}$ . Justify your answer.
- (c) Let  $F, E \in m$ , where  $m$  is the collection of all measurable sets. Prove that  $F \cup E \in m$ .
- (d) Prove that the outer measure is translate invariant (i.e.  $m^*(A) = m^*(A + y), \forall y \in \mathbb{R}$ ).

**3** Answer any one question : **1 × 14 = 14**

- (a) Construct a non-measurable subset of  $[0, 1]$ .
- (b) Let  $f$  be a bounded function on a measurable set

$$E \text{ and } m E < \infty. \text{ Prove that } \inf_{\psi \geq f} \int_E \psi \sup_{\phi \leq f} \int_E \phi,$$

for all simple functions  $\phi$  and  $\psi$  on  $E$  if and only if  $f$  is a measurable function.

- (c) State and Prove Vitali's Lemma.

**4** Answer any two questions **2 × 7 = 14**

- (a) Let  $1 \leq p < \infty$ . If  $f, g \in L^p[0, 1]$ , then prove that

$$f + g \in L^p[0, 1] \text{ and } \|f + g\|_p \leq \|f\|_p + \|g\|_p, \text{ where}$$

$$\|f\|_p = \left[ \int_0^1 |f|^p \right]^{1/p}.$$

- (b) Let  $f$  be a bounded measurable function on  $[a, b]$

$$\text{and } F(x) = \int_a^x f(t) dt + F(a), \forall x \in [a, b]. \text{ Prove that}$$

$$F'(x) = f(x) \text{ almost everywhere on } [a, b].$$

- (c) Let  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and  $f(0) = 0$ ,  $f(x) = x^2 \sin(1/x^2)$ ,  
 $\forall x \in (0, 1]$ . Prove that  $f$  is not a function of  
 bounded variation on  $[0, 1]$ .

**5** Answer any two questions : **2 × 7 = 14**

- (a) State and prove Bounded Convergence Theorem.  
 (b) State and prove Fatou's Lemma.  
 (c) Let  $\{f_n\}$  be a sequence of non-negative measurable  
 functions such that  $f_n \leq f_{n+1}$ ,  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Suppose

$$f_n(x) \rightarrow f(x), \forall x \in E. \text{ Prove that } \int_E f = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f_n.$$

- (d) Let  $\{f_n\}$  be a sequence of non-negative measurable  
 functions such that  $f_n \leq f$ ,  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$ , where  $f$  is also  
 a non-negative measurable function. Suppose

$$f_n(x) \rightarrow f(x), \forall x \in E. \text{ Prove that } \int_E f = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_E f_n.$$